



# Progression Charts

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## *Common Core State Standards*

This document contains the common core state standards, as accepted for use in the state of Ohio, organized to show the progression of learning from kindergarten through grade twelve.

## Reading: Literature

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# Strand: Reading--Literature

## Topic: Key Ideas and Details

**Anchor 1:** Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (RL.11-12.1)	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
9-10 (RL.9-10.1)	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
8 (RL.8.1)	Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
7 (RL.7.1)	Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
6 (RL.6.1)	Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
5 (RL.5.1)	Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
4 (RL.4.1)	Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
3 (RL.3.1)	Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.
2 (RL.2.1)	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.
1 (RL.1.1.)	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.
K (RL.K.1.)	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text.

# Strand: Reading--Literature

## Topic: Key Ideas and Details

**Anchor 2:** Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (RL.11-12.2)	Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account; provide an objective summary of the text.
9-10 (RL.9-10.2)	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.
8 (RL.8.2)	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide an objective summary of the text.
7 (RL.7.2)	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.
6 (RL.6.2)	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.
5 (RL.5.2)	Determine a theme of a story, drama, or poem from details in the text, including how characters in a story or drama respond to challenges or how the speaker in a poem reflects upon a topic; summarize the text.
4 (RL.4.2)	Determine a theme of a story, drama, or poem from details in the text; summarize the text.
3 (RL.3.2)	Recount stories, including fables, folktales, and myths from diverse cultures; determine the central message, lesson, or moral and explain how it is conveyed through key details in the text.
2 (RL.2.2)	Recount stories, including fables and folktales from diverse cultures, and determine their central message, lesson, or moral.
1 (RL.1.2.)	Retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate understanding of their central message or lesson.
K ( RL.K.2.)	With prompting and support, retell familiar stories, including key details.

# Strand: Reading--Literature

## Topic: Key Ideas and Details

**Anchor 3:** Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (RL.11-12.3)	Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).
9-10 (RL.9-10.3)	Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.
8 (RL.8.3)	Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.
7 (RL.7.3)	Analyze how particular elements of a story or drama interact (e.g., how setting shapes the characters or plot).
6 (RL.6.3)	Describe how a particular story's or drama's plot unfolds in a series of episodes as well as how the characters respond or change as the plot moves toward a resolution.
5 (RL.5.3)	Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., how characters interact).
4 (RL.4.3)	Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions).
3 (RL.3.3)	Describe characters in a story (e.g., their traits, motivations, or feelings) and explain how their actions contribute to the sequence of events.
2 (RL.2.3)	Describe how characters in a story respond to major events and challenges.
1 (RL.1.3.)	Describe characters, settings, and major events in a story, using key details.
K (RL.K.3.)	With prompting and support, identify characters, settings, and major events in a story.

# Strand: Reading--Literature

## Topic: Craft and Structure

**Anchor 4:** Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone

Grade	Standard
11-12 (RL.11-12.4)	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (Include Shakespeare as well as other authors.)
9-10 (RL.9-10.4)	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language evokes a sense of time and place; how it sets a formal or informal tone).
8 (RL.8.4)	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
7 (RL.7.4)	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of rhymes and other repetitions of sounds (e.g., alliteration) on a specific verse or stanza of a poem or section of a story or drama.
6 (RL.6.4)	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.
5 (RL.5.4)	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative language such as metaphors and similes.
4 (RL.4.4)	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including those that allude to significant characters found in mythology (e.g., Herculean).
3 (RL.3.4)	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, distinguishing literal from nonliteral language.
2 (RL.2.4)	Describe how words and phrases (e.g., regular beats, alliteration, rhymes, repeated lines) supply rhythm and meaning in a story, poem, or song.
1 (RL.1.4.)	Identify words and phrases in stories or poems that suggest feelings or appeal to the senses.
K (RL.K.4.)	Ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.

# Strand: Reading--Literature

## Topic: Craft and Structure

**Anchor 5:** Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (RL.11-12.5)	Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.
9-10 (RL.9-10.5)	Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure a text, order events within it (e.g., parallel plots), and manipulate time (e.g., pacing, flashbacks) create such effects as mystery, tension, or surprise.
8 (RL.8.5)	Compare and contrast the structure of two or more texts and analyze how the differing structure of each text contributes to its meaning and style.
7 (RL.7.5)	Analyze how a drama's or poem's form or structure (e.g., soliloquy, sonnet) contributes to its meaning.
6 (RL.6.5)	Analyze how a particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the theme, setting, or plot.
5 (RL.5.5)	Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provide the overall structure of a particular story, drama, or poem.
4 (RL.4.5)	Explain major differences between poems, drama, and prose, and refer to the structural elements of poems (e.g., verse, rhythm, meter) and drama (e.g., casts of characters, settings, descriptions, dialogue, stage directions) when writing or speaking about a text.
3 (RL.3.5)	Refer to parts of stories, dramas, and poems when writing or speaking about a text, using terms such as chapter, scene, and stanza; describe how each successive part builds on earlier sections.
2 (RL.2.5)	Describe the overall structure of a story, including describing how the beginning introduces the story and the ending concludes the action.
1 (RL.1.5.)	Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information, drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types.
K (RL.K.5.)	Recognize common types of texts (e.g., storybooks, poems).

# Strand: Reading--Literature

## Topic: Craft and Structure

**Anchor 6:** Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (RL.11-12.6)	Analyze a case in which grasping a point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).
9-10 (RL.9-10.6)	Analyze a particular point of view or cultural experience reflected in a work of literature from outside the United States, drawing on a wide reading of world literature.
8 (RL.8.6)	Analyze how differences in the points of view of the characters and the audience or reader (e.g., created through the use of dramatic irony) create such effects as suspense or humor.
7 (RL.7.6)	Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of different characters or narrators in a text.
6 (RL.6.6)	Explain how an author develops the point of view of the narrator or speaker in a text.
5 (RL.5.6)	Describe how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described.
4 (RL.4.6)	Compare and contrast the point of view from which different stories are narrated, including the difference between first- and third-person narrations.
3 (RL.3.6)	Distinguish their own point of view from that of the narrator or those of the characters.
2 (RL.2.6)	Acknowledge differences in the points of view of characters, including by speaking in a different voice for each character when reading dialogue aloud.
1 (RL.1.6)	Identify who is telling the story at various points in a text.
K (RL.K.6.)	With prompting and support, name the author and illustrator of a story and define the role of each in telling the story.

# Strand: Reading--Literature

## Topic: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

**Anchor 7:** Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (RL.11-12.7)	Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text. (Include at least one play by Shakespeare and one play by an American dramatist.)
9-10 (RL.9-10.7)	Analyze the representation of a subject or a key scene in two different artistic mediums, including what is emphasized or absent in each treatment (e.g., Auden’s “Musée des Beaux Arts” and Breughel’s Landscape with the Fall of Icarus).
8 (RL.8.7)	Analyze the extent to which a filmed or live production of a story or drama stays faithful to or departs from the text or script, evaluating the choices made by the director or actors.
7 (RL.7.7)	Compare and contrast a written story, drama, or poem to its audio, filmed, staged, or multimedia version, analyzing the effects of techniques unique to each medium (e.g., lighting, sound, color, or camera focus and angles in a film).
6 (RL.6.7)	Compare and contrast the experience of reading a story, drama, or poem to listening to or viewing an audio, video, or live version of the text, including contrasting what they “see” and “hear” when reading the text to what they perceive when they listen or watch.
5 (RL.5.7)	Analyze how visual and multimedia elements contribute to the meaning, tone, or beauty of a text (e.g., graphic novel, multimedia presentation of fiction, folktale, myth, poem).
4 (RL.4.7)	Make connections between the text of a story or drama and a visual or oral presentation of the text, identifying where each version reflects specific descriptions and directions in the text.
3 (RL.3.7)	Explain how specific aspects of a text’s illustrations contribute to what is conveyed by the words in a story (e.g., create mood, emphasize aspects of a character or setting).
2 (RL.2.7)	Use information gained from the illustrations and words in a print or digital text to demonstrate understanding of its characters, setting, or plot.
1 (RL.1.7.)	Use illustrations and details in a story to describe its characters, setting, or events.
K (RL.K.7.)	With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the story in which they appear (e.g., what moment in a story an illustration depicts).

# Strand: Reading--Literature

## Topic: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

**Anchor 8:** Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Grade	Standard
12 (RL.12.8)	(Not applicable to literature)
11 (RL.11.8)	(Not applicable to literature)
10 (RL.10.8)	(Not applicable to literature)
9 (RL.9.8)	(Not applicable to literature)
8 (RL.8.8)	(Not applicable to literature)
7 (RL.7.8)	(Not applicable to literature)
6 (RL.6.8)	(Not applicable to literature)
5 (RL.5.8)	(Not applicable to literature)
4 (RL.4.8)	(Not applicable to literature)
3 (RL.3.8)	(Not applicable to literature)
2 (RL.2.8)	(Not applicable to literature)
1 (RL.1.8.)	(Not applicable to literature)
K (RL.K.8.)	(Not applicable to literature)

# Strand: Reading--Literature

## Topic: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

**Anchor 9:** Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (RL.11-12.9)	Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.
9-10 (RL.9-10.9)	Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work (e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare).
8 (RL.8.9)	Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the Bible, including describing how the material is rendered new
7 (RL.7.9)	Compare and contrast a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history.
6 (RL.6.9)	Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.
5 (RL.5.9)	Compare and contrast stories in the same genre (e.g., mysteries and adventure stories) on their approaches to similar themes and topics.
4 (RL.4.9)	Compare and contrast the treatment of similar themes and topics (e.g., opposition of good and evil) and patterns of events (e.g., the quest) in stories, myths, and traditional literature from different cultures.
3 (RL.3.9)	Compare and contrast the themes, settings, and plots of stories written by the same author about the same or similar characters (e.g., in books from a series).
2 (RL.2.9)	Compare and contrast two or more versions of the same story (e.g., Cinderella stories) by different authors or from different cultures.
1 (RL.1.9)	Compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in stories.
K (RL.K.9.)	With prompting and support, compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in familiar stories.

# Strand: Reading--Literature

## Topic: Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

**Anchor 10:** Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently

Grade	Standard
11-12 (RL.11-12.10)	By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 11–CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
9-10 (RL.9-10.10)	By the end of grade 9, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 9–10 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
8 (RL.8.10)	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
7 (RL.7.10)	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 6–8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
6 (RL.6.10)	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 6–8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
5 (RL.5.10)	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, at the high end of the grades 4–5 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
4 (RL.4.10)	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, in the grades 4–5 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
3 (RL.3.10)	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, at the high end of the grades 2–3 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
2 (RL.2.10)	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories and poetry, in the grades 2–3 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
1 (RL.1.10)	With prompting and support, read prose and poetry of appropriate complexity for grade 1.
K (RL.K.10.)	Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.

## Reading: Informational Texts

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Strand: Reading—Informational Texts

**Topic: Key Ideas and Details**

**Anchor 1:** Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (RI.11-12.1)	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
9-10 (RI.9-10.1)	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
8 (RI.8.1)	Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
7 (RI.7.1)	Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
6 (RI.6.1)	Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
5 (RI.5.1)	Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
4 (RI.4.1)	Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
3 (RI.3.1)	Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.
2 (RI.2.1)	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.
1 (RI.1.1.)	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.
K (RI.K.1.)	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text.

# Strand: Reading--Informational Texts

## Topic: Key Ideas and Details

**Anchor 2:** Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (RI.11-12.2)	Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.
9-10 (RI.9-10.2)	Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.
8 (RI.8.2)	Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the text.
7 (RI.7.2)	Determine two or more central ideas in a text and analyze their development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.
6 (RI.6.2)	Determine a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.
5 (RI.5.2)	Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details; summarize the text.
4 (RI.4.2)	Determine the main idea of a text and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.
3 (RI.3.2)	Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main idea.
2 (RI.2.2)	Identify the main topic of a multiparagraph text as well as the focus of specific paragraphs within the text.
1 (RI.1.2)	Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text
K (RI.K.2)	With prompting and support, identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.

# Strand: Reading--Informational Texts

## Topic: Key Ideas and Details

**Anchor 3:** Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (RI.11-12.3)	Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.
9-10 (RI.9-10.3)	Analyze how the author unfolds an analysis or series of ideas or events, including the order in which the points are made, how they are introduced and developed, and the connections that are drawn between them.
8 (RI.8.3)	Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).
7 (RI.7.3)	Analyze the interactions between individuals, events, and ideas in a text (e.g., how ideas influence individuals or events, or how individuals influence ideas or events).
6 (RI.6.3)	Analyze in detail how a key individual, event, or idea is introduced, illustrated, and elaborated in a text (e.g., through examples or anecdotes).
5 (RI.5.3)	Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the text.
4 (RI.4.3)	Explain events, procedures, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text, including what happened and why, based on specific information in the text.
3 (RI.3.3)	Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect.
2 (RI.2.3)	Describe the connection between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text.
1 (RI.1.3)	Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.
K (RI.K.3.)	With prompting and support, describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.

# Strand: Reading--Informational Texts

## Topic: Craft and Structure

**Anchor 4:** Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone

Grade	Standard
11-12 (RI.11-12.4)	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).
9-10 (RI.9-10.4)	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language of a court opinion differs from that of a newspaper).
8 (RI.8.4)	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
7 (RI.7.4)	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.
6 (RI.6.4)	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings.
5 (RI.5.4)	Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area.
4 (RI.4.4)	Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words or phrases in a text relevant to a grade 4 topic or subject area.
3 (RI.3.4)	Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 3 topic or subject area.
2 (RI.2.4)	Determine the meaning of words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 2 topic or subject area.
1 (RI.1.4.)	Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.
K (RI.K.4.)	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.

# Strand: Reading--Informational Texts

## Topic: Craft and Structure

**Anchor 5:** Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (RI.11-12.5)	Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.
9-10 (RI.9-10.5)	Analyze in detail how an author's ideas or claims are developed and refined by particular sentences, paragraphs, or larger portions of a text (e.g., a section or chapter).
8 (RI.8.)	Analyze in detail the structure of a specific paragraph in a text, including the role of particular sentences in developing and refining a key concept.
7 (RI.7.5)	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to the development of the ideas.
6 (RI.6.5)	Analyze how a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, or section fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the ideas.
5 (RI.5.5)	Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts.
4 (RI.4.5)	Describe the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in a text or part of a text.
3 (RI.3.5)	Use text features and search tools (e.g., key words, sidebars, hyperlinks) to locate information relevant to a given topic efficiently.
2 (RI.2.5)	Know and use various text features (e.g., captions, bold print, subheadings, glossaries, indexes, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text efficiently.
1 (RI.1.5.)	Know and use various text features (e.g., headings, tables of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text.
K (RI.K.5.)	Identify the front cover, back cover, and title page of a book.

# Strand: Reading--Informational Texts

## Topic: Craft and Structure

**Anchor 6:** Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (RI.11-12.6)	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness or beauty of the text.
9-10 (RI.9-10.6)	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how an author uses rhetoric to advance that point of view or purpose.
8 (RI.8.6)	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.
7 (RI.7.6)	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others.
6 (RI.6.6)	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and explain how it is conveyed in the text.
5 (RI.5.6)	Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and differences in the point of view they represent.
4 (RI.4.6)	Compare and contrast a firsthand and secondhand account of the same event or topic; describe the differences in focus and the information provided.
3 (RI.3.6)	Distinguish their own point of view from that of the author of a text.
2 (RI.2.6)	Identify the main purpose of a text, including what the author wants to answer, explain, or describe.
1 (RI.1.6.)	Distinguish between information provided by pictures or other illustrations and information provided by the words in a text.
K (RI.K.6.)	Name the author and illustrator of a text and define the role of each in presenting the ideas or information in a text.

# Strand: Reading--Informational Texts

## Topic: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

**Anchor 7:** Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (RI.11-12.7)	Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.
9-10 (RI.9-10.7)	Analyze various accounts of a subject told in different mediums (e.g., a person's life story in both print and multimedia), determining which details are emphasized in each account.
8 (RI.8.7)	Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or digital text, video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.
7 (RI.7.7)	Compare and contrast a text to an audio, video, or multimedia version of the text, analyzing each medium's portrayal of the subject (e.g., how the delivery of a speech affects the impact of the words).
6 (RI.6.7)	Integrate information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.
5 (RI.5.7)	Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently.
4 (RI.4.7)	Interpret information presented visually, orally, or quantitatively (e.g., in charts, graphs, diagrams, time lines, animations, or interactive elements on Web pages) and explain how the information contributes to an understanding of the text in which it appears.
3 (RI.3.7)	Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and the words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when, why, and how key events occur).
2 (RI.2.7)	Explain how specific images (e.g., a diagram showing how a machine works) contribute to and clarify a text.
1 (RI.1.7)	Use the illustrations and details in a text to describe its key ideas.
K (RI.K.7.)	With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the text in which they appear (e.g., what person, place, thing, or idea in the text an illustration depicts).

# Strand: Reading--Informational Texts

## Topic: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

**Anchor 8:** Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (RI.11-12.8)	Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy (e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses).
9-10 (RI.9-10.8)	Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning.
8 (RI.8.8)	Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is introduced.
7 (RI.7.8)	Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claims.
6 (RI.6.8)	Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.
5 (RI.5.8)	Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point(s).
4 (RI.4.8)	Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text.
3 (RI.3.8)	Describe the logical connection between particular sentences and paragraphs in a text (e.g., comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third in a sequence).
2 (RI.2.8)	Describe how reasons support specific points the author makes in a text.
1 (RI.1.8)	Identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.
K (RI.K.8.)	With prompting and support, identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.

# Strand: Reading--Informational Texts

## Topic: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

**Anchor 9:** Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (RI.11-12.9)	Analyze seventeenth-, eighteenth-, and nineteenth-century foundational U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (including The Declaration of Independence, the Preamble to the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and Lincoln’s Second Inaugural Address) for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features.
9-10 (RI.9-10.9)	Analyze seminal U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (e.g., Washington’s Farewell Address, the Gettysburg Address, Roosevelt’s Four Freedoms speech, King’s “Letter from Birmingham Jail”), including how they address related themes and concepts.
8 (RI.8.9)	Analyze a case in which two or more texts provide conflicting information on the same topic and identify where the texts disagree on matters of fact or interpretation.
7 (RI.7.9)	Analyze how two or more authors writing about the same topic shape their presentations of key information by emphasizing different evidence or advancing different interpretations of facts.
6 (RI.6.9)	Compare and contrast one author’s presentation of events with that of another (e.g., a memoir written by and a biography on the same person).
5 (RI.5.9)	Integrate information from several texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably.
4 (RI.4.9)	Integrate information from two texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably.
3 (RI.3.9)	Compare and contrast the most important points and key details presented in two texts on the same topic.
2 (RI.2.9)	Compare and contrast the most important points presented by two texts on the same topic.
1 (RI.1.9)	Identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).
K (RI.K.9)	With prompting and support, identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).

# Strand: Reading--Informational Texts

## Topic: Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

**Anchor 10:** Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently

Grade	Standard
11-12 (RI.11-12.10)	By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 11–CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
9-10 (RI.9-10.10)	By the end of grade 9, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 9–10 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
8 (RI.8.10)	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
7 (RI.7.10)	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 6–8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
6 (RI.6.10)	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 6–8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
5 (RI.5.10)	By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 4–5 text complexity band independently and proficiently
4 (RI.4.10)	By the end of year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, in the grades 4–5 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
3 (RI.3.10)	By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 2–3 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
2 (RI.2.10)	By the end of year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, in the grades 2–3 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
1 (RI.1.10)	With prompting and support, read informational texts appropriately complex for grade 1.
K (RI.K.10.)	Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.

# Writing

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# Strand: Writing

## Topic: Text Types and Purposes

**Anchor 1:** Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (W.11-12.1)	<p>Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.</li> <li>• Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience’s knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.</li> <li>• Use words, phrases, and clauses as well as varied syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.</li> <li>• Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.</li> <li>• Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.</li> </ul>
9-10 (W.9-10.1)	<p>Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.</li> <li>• Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience’s knowledge level and concerns.</li> <li>• Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.</li> <li>• Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.</li> <li>• Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.</li> </ul>
8 (W.8.1)	<p>Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.</li> <li>• Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.</li> <li>• Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.</li> <li>• Establish and maintain a formal style.</li> <li>• Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.</li> </ul>

7 (W.7.1)	<p>Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.</li> <li>• Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.</li> <li>• Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), reasons, and evidence.</li> <li>• Establish and maintain a formal style.</li> <li>• Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.</li> </ul>
6 (W.6.1)	<p>Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly.</li> <li>• Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.</li> <li>• Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and reasons.</li> <li>• Establish and maintain a formal style.</li> <li>• Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented.</li> </ul>
5 (W.5.1)	<p>Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to support the writer’s purpose.</li> <li>• Provide logically ordered reasons that are supported by facts and details.</li> <li>• Link opinion and reasons using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., consequently, specifically).</li> <li>• Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented.</li> </ul>
4 (W.4.1)	<p>Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to support the writer’s purpose.</li> <li>• Provide reasons that are supported by facts and details.</li> <li>• Link opinion and reasons using words and phrases (e.g., for instance, in order to, in addition).</li> <li>• Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented.</li> </ul>
3 (W.3.1)	<p>Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduce the topic or text they are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists reasons.</li> <li>• Provide reasons that support the opinion.</li> <li>• Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons.</li> <li>• Provide a concluding statement or section.</li> </ul>
2 (W.2.1)	<p>Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linking words (e.g., because, and, also) to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a concluding statement or section.</p>
1 (W.1.1.)	<p>Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure.</p>
K (W.K.1.)	<p>Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., My favorite book is...).</p>

# Strand: Writing

## Topic: Text Types and Purposes

**Anchor 2:** Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (W.11-12.2)	<p>Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.</li> <li>• Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.</li> <li>• Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.</li> <li>• Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.</li> <li>• Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.</li> <li>• Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).</li> </ul>
9-10 (W.9-10.2)	<p>Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.</li> <li>• Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.</li> <li>• Use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.</li> <li>• Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic.</li> <li>• Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.</li> <li>• Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).</li> </ul>
8 (W.8.2)	<p>Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.</li> <li>• Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.</li> <li>• Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.</li> <li>• Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.</li> <li>• Establish and maintain a formal style.</li> <li>• Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.</li> </ul>
7 (W.7.2)	<p>Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.</li> <li>• Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.</li> <li>• Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.</li> <li>• Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.</li> <li>• Establish and maintain a formal style.</li> <li>• Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.</li> </ul>

6 (W.6.2)	<p>Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduce a topic; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.</li> <li>• Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.</li> <li>• Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.</li> <li>• Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.</li> <li>• Establish and maintain a formal style.</li> <li>• Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented.</li> </ul>
5 (W.5.2)	<p>Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduce a topic clearly, provide a general observation and focus, and group related information logically; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.</li> <li>• Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic.</li> <li>• Link ideas within and across categories of information using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., <i>in contrast, especially</i>).</li> <li>• Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.</li> <li>• Provide a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation presented.</li> </ul>
4 (W.4.2)	<p>Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduce a topic clearly and group related information in paragraphs and sections; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.</li> <li>• Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic.</li> <li>• Link ideas within categories of information using words and phrases (e.g., <i>another, for example, also, because</i>).</li> <li>• Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.</li> <li>• Provide a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation presented.</li> </ul>
3 (W.3.2)	<p>Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension.</li> <li>• Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details.</li> <li>• Use linking words and phrases (e.g., <i>also, another, and, more, but</i>) to connect ideas within categories of information.</li> <li>• Provide a concluding statement or section.</li> </ul>
2 (W.2.2)	<p>Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a concluding statement or section.</p>
1 (W.1.2)	<p>Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure.</p>
K (W.K.2)	<p>Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic.</p>

# Strand: Writing

## Topic: Text Types and Purposes

**Anchor 3:** Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (W.11-12.3)	<p>Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.</li> <li>• Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.</li> <li>• Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution).</li> <li>• Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.</li> <li>• Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.</li> </ul>
9-10 (W.9-10.3)	<p>Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.</li> <li>• Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.</li> <li>• Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole.</li> <li>• Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.</li> <li>• Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.</li> </ul>
8 (W.8.3)	<p>Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.</li> <li>• Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, and reflection, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.</li> <li>• Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence, signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another, and show the relationships among experiences and events.</li> <li>• Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.</li> <li>• Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.</li> </ul>
7 (W.7.3)	<p>Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.</li> <li>• Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.</li> <li>• Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.</li> <li>• Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.</li> <li>• Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.</li> </ul>

6 (W.6.3)	<p>Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.</li> <li>Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and and/or characters.</li> <li>Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.</li> <li>Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to convey experiences and events.</li> <li>Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.</li> </ul>
5 (W.5.3)	<p>Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.</li> <li>Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.</li> <li>Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to manage the sequence of events.</li> <li>Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.</li> <li>Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.</li> </ul>
4 (W.4.3)	<p>Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.</li> <li>Use dialogue and description to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.</li> <li>Use a variety of transitional words and phrases to manage the sequence of events.</li> <li>Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.</li> <li>Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.</li> </ul>
3 (W.3.3)	<p>Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.</li> <li>Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations.</li> <li>Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order.</li> <li>Provide a sense of closure.</li> </ul>
2 (W.2.3)	<p>Write narratives in which they recount a well-elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure.</p>
1 (W.1.3)	<p>Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure.</p>
K (W.K.3.)	<p>Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened.</p>

# Strand: Writing

## Topic: Production and Distribution of Writing

**Anchor 4:** Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (W.11-12.4)	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
9-10 (W.9-10.4)	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
8 (W.8.4)	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
7 (W.7.4)	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
6 (W.6.4)	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
5 (W.5.4)	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
4 (W.4.4)	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
3 (W.3.4)	With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
2 (W.2.4)	(Begins in grade 3)
1 (W.1.4)	(Begins in grade 3)
K (W.K.4.)	(Begins in grade 3)

# Strand: Writing

## Topic: Production and Distribution of Writing

**Anchor 5:** Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (W.11-12.5)	Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.
9-10 (W.9-10.5)	Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.
8 (W.8.)	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.
7 (W.7.5)	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.
6 (W.6.5)	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.
5 (W.5.5)	With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.
4 (W.4.5)	With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing.
3 (W.3.5)	With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing.
2 (W.2.5)	With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing.
1 (W.1.5.)	With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add details to strengthen writing as needed.
K (W.K.5.)	With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed.

# Strand: Writing

## Topic: Production and Distribution of Writing

**Anchor 6:** Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (W.11-12.6)	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.
9-10 (W.9-10.6)	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically.
8 (W.8.6)	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and collaborate with others.
7 (W.7.6)	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and link to and cite sources as well as to interact and collaborate with others, including linking to and citing sources.
6 (W.6.6)	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of three pages in a single sitting.
5 (W.5.6)	With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting.
4 (W.4.6)	With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting.
3 (W.3.6)	With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others.
2 (W.2.6)	With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.
1 (W.1.6.)	With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.
K (W.K.6.)	With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.

# Strand: Writing

## Topic: Research to Build and Present Writing

**Anchor 7:** Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (W.11-12.7)	Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
9-10 (W.9-10.7)	Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
8 (W.8.7)	Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.
7 (W.7.7)	Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions for further research and investigation.
6 (W.6.7)	Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate.
5 (W.5.7)	Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.
4 (W.4.7)	Conduct short research projects that build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.
3 (W.3.7)	Conduct short research projects that build knowledge about a topic.
2 (W.2.7)	Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., read a number of books on a single topic to produce a report; record science observations).
1 (W.1.7)	Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of “how-to” books on a given topic and use them to write a sequence of instructions).
K (W.K.7.)	Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them).

# Strand: Writing

## Topic: Research to Build and Present Writing

**Anchor 8:** Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (W.11-12.8)	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
9-10 (W.9-10.8)	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.
8 (W.8.8)	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.
7 (W.7.8)	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.
6 (W.6.8)	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic bibliographic information for sources.
5 (W.5.8)	Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources.
4 (W.4.8)	Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; take notes and categorize information, and provide a list of sources.
3 (W.3.8)	Recall information from experiences or gather information from print and digital sources; take brief notes on sources and sort evidence into provided categories.
2 (W.2.8)	Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.
1 (W.1.8)	With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.
K (W.K.8.)	With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.

# Strand: Writing

## Topic: Research to Build and Present Writing

**Anchor 9:** Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (W.11-12.9)	<p>Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Apply <i>grades 11–12 Reading standards</i> to literature (e.g., “Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics”).</li> <li>Apply <i>grades 11–12 Reading standards</i> to literary nonfiction (e.g., “Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court Case majority opinions and dissents] and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy [e.g., <i>The Federalist</i>, presidential addresses]”).</li> </ul>
9-10 (W.9-10.9)	<p>Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Apply <i>grades 9–10 Reading standards</i> to literature (e.g., “Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work [e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare]”).</li> <li>Apply <i>grades 9–10 Reading standards</i> to literary nonfiction (e.g., “Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning”).</li> </ul>
8 (W.8.9)	<p>Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Apply <i>grade 8 Reading standards</i> to literature (e.g., “Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the Bible, including describing how the material is rendered new”).</li> <li>Apply <i>grade 8 Reading standards</i> to literary nonfiction (e.g., “Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is introduced”).</li> </ul>
7 (W.7.9)	<p>Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Apply <i>grade 7 Reading standards</i> to literature (e.g., “Compare and contrast a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history”).</li> <li>Apply <i>grade 7 Reading standards</i> to literary nonfiction (e.g., “Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claims”).</li> </ul>
6 (W.6.9)	<p>Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Apply <i>grade 6 Reading standards</i> to literature (e.g., “Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres [e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories] in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics”).</li> <li>Apply <i>grade 6 Reading standards</i> to literary nonfiction (e.g., “Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not”).</li> </ul>
5 (W.5.9)	<p>Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Apply <i>grade 5 Reading standards</i> to literature (e.g., “Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or a drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., how characters interact]”).</li> <li>Apply <i>grade 5 Reading standards</i> to informational texts (e.g., “Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point[s]”).</li> </ul>

4 (W.4.9)	<p>Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apply <i>grade 4 Reading standards</i> to literature (e.g., “Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., a character’s thoughts, words, or actions].”).</li> <li>• Apply <i>grade 4 Reading standards</i> to informational texts (e.g., “Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text”).</li> </ul>
3 (W.3.9)	(Begins in grade 4)
2 (W.2.9)	(Begins in grade 4)
1 (W.1.9)	(Begins in grade 4)
K (W.K.9.)	(Begins in grade 4)

# Strand: Writing

## Topic: Range of Writing

**Anchor 10:** Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (W.11-12.10)	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
9-10 (W.9-10.10)	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
8 (W.8.10)	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
7 (W.7.10)	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
6 (W.6.10)	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
5 (W.5.10)	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
4 (W.4.10)	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
3 (W.3.10)	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
2 (W.2.10)	(Begins in grade 3)
1 (W.1.10)	(Begins in grade 3)
K (W.K.10.)	(Begins in grade 3)

# Speaking and Listening

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# Strand: Speaking and Listening

## Topic: Comprehension and Collaboration

**Anchor 1:** Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (SL.11-12.1)	<p>Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</li> <li>• Work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and deadlines, and establish individual roles as needed.</li> <li>• Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.</li> <li>• Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.</li> </ul>
9-10 (SL.9-10.1)	<p>Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</li> <li>• Work with peers to set rules for collegial discussions and decision-making (e.g., informal consensus, taking votes on key issues, presentation of alternate views), clear goals and deadlines, and individual roles as needed.</li> <li>• Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions.</li> <li>• Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives, summarize points of agreement and disagreement, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views and understanding and make new connections in light of the evidence and reasoning presented.</li> </ul>
8 (SL.8.1)	<p>Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.</li> <li>• Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.</li> <li>• Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas.</li> <li>• Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented.</li> </ul>

7 ( SL .7.1)	<p>Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 7 topics, texts, and issues, building on others’ ideas and expressing their own clearly.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.</li> <li>• Follow rules for collegial discussions, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.</li> <li>• Pose questions that elicit elaboration and respond to others’ questions and comments with relevant observations and ideas that bring the discussion back on topic as needed.</li> <li>• Acknowledge new information expressed by others and, when warranted, modify their own views.</li> </ul>
6 ( SL .6.1)	<p>Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, and issues, building on others’ ideas and expressing their own clearly.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.</li> <li>• Follow rules for collegial discussions, set specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.</li> <li>• Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion.</li> <li>• Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing.</li> </ul>
5 ( SL .5.1)	<p>Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on <i>grade 5 topics and texts</i>, building on others’ ideas and expressing their own clearly.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.</li> <li>• Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.</li> <li>• Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborate on the remarks of others.</li> <li>• Review the key ideas expressed and draw conclusions in light of information and knowledge gained from the discussions.</li> </ul>
4 ( SL.4.1)	<p>Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on <i>grade 4 topics and texts</i>, building on others’ ideas and expressing their own clearly.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.</li> <li>• Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.</li> <li>• Pose and respond to specific questions to clarify or follow up on information, and make comments that contribute to the discussion and link to the remarks of others.</li> <li>• Review the key ideas expressed and explain their own ideas and understanding in light of the discussion.</li> </ul>

3 ( SL .3.1)	<p>Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on <i>grade 3 topics and texts</i>, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.</li> <li>• Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).</li> <li>• Ask questions to check understanding of information presented, stay on topic, and link their comments to the remarks of others.</li> <li>• Explain their own ideas and understanding in light of the discussion.</li> </ul>
2 ( SL .2.1)	<p>Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about <i>grade 2 topics and texts</i> with peers and adults in small and larger groups.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).</li> <li>• Build on others' talk in conversations by linking their comments to the remarks of others.</li> <li>• Ask for clarification and further explanation as needed about the topics and texts under discussion.</li> </ul>
1 ( SL .1.1.)	<p>Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about <i>grade 1 topics and texts</i> with peers and adults in small and larger groups.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).</li> <li>• Build on others' talk in conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges.</li> <li>• Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion.</li> </ul>
K ( SL .K.1.)	<p>Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about <i>kindergarten topics and texts</i> with peers and adults in small and larger groups.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion).</li> <li>• Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges.</li> </ul>

# Strand: Speaking and Listening

## Topic: Comprehension and Collaboration

**Anchor 2:** Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (SL.11-12.2)	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
9-10 (SL.9-10.2)	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.
8 (SL.8.2)	Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its presentation.
7 (SL.7.2)	Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study.
6 (SL.6.2)	Interpret information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how it contributes to a topic, text, or issue under study.
5 (SL.5.2)	Summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.
4 (SL.4.2)	Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.
3 (SL.3.2)	Determine the main ideas and supporting details of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.
2 (SL.2.2)	Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.
1 (SL.1.2)	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.
K (SL.K.2)	Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by asking and answering questions about key details and requesting clarification if something is not understood.

# Strand: Speaking and Listening

## Topic: Comprehension and Collaboration

**Anchor 3:** Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (SL.11-12.3)	Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.
9-10 (SL.9-10.3)	Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, identifying any fallacious reasoning or exaggerated or distorted evidence.
8 (SL.8.3)	Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced.
7 (SL.7.3)	Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.
6 (SL.6.3)	Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.
5 (SL.5.3)	Summarize the points a speaker makes and explain how each claim is supported by reasons and evidence.
4 (SL.4.3)	Identify the reasons and evidence a speaker provides to support particular points.
3 (SL.3.3)	Ask and answer questions about information from a speaker, offering appropriate elaboration and detail.
2 (SL.2.3)	Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding of a topic or issue.
1 (SL.1.3)	Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information or clarify something that is not understood.
K (SL.K.3.)	Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.

# Strand: Speaking and Listening

## Topic: Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

**Anchor 4:** Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (SL.11-12.4)	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
9-10 (SL.9-10.4)	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task.
8 (SL.8.4)	Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.
7 (SL.7.4)	Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with pertinent descriptions, facts, details, and examples; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.
6 (SL.6.4)	Present claims and findings, sequencing ideas logically and using pertinent descriptions, facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.
5 (SL.5.4)	Report on a topic or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.
4 (SL.4.4)	Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.
3 (SL.3.4)	Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking clearly at an understandable pace.
2 (SL.2.4)	Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.
1 (SL.1.4.)	Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.
K (SL.K.4.)	Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and support, provide additional detail.

# Strand: Speaking and Listening

## Topic: Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

**Anchor 5:** Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (SL.11-12.5)	Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.
9-10 (SL.9-10.5)	Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.
8 (SL.8.)	Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest.
7 (SL.7.5)	Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations to clarify claims and findings and emphasize salient points.
6 (SL.6.5)	Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.
5 (SL.5.5)	Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, sound) and visual displays in presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.
4 (SL.4.5)	Add audio recordings and visual displays to presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.
3 (SL.3.5)	Create engaging audio recordings of stories or poems that demonstrate fluid reading at an understandable pace; add visual displays when appropriate to emphasize or enhance certain facts or details.
2 (SL.2.5)	Create audio recordings of stories or poems; add drawings or other visual displays to stories or recounts of experiences when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.
1 (SL.1.5.)	Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.
K (SL.K.5.)	Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail.

# Strand: Speaking and Listening

## Topic: Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

**Anchor 6:** Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (SL.11-12.6)	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.
9-10 (SL.9-10.6)	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.
8 (SL.8.6)	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.
7 (SL.7.6)	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.
6 (SL.6.6)	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.
5 (SL.5.6)	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, using formal English when appropriate to task and situation.
4 (SL.4.6)	Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (e.g., presenting ideas) and situations where informal discourse is appropriate (e.g., small-group discussion); use formal English when appropriate to task and situation.
3 (SL.3.6)	Speak in complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification.
2 (SL.2.6)	Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification.
1 (SL.1.6)	Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation.
K (SL.K.6.)	Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.

# Language

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# Strand: Language

## Topic: Conventions of Standard English

**Anchor 1:** Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (L.11-12.1)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested.</li> <li>○ Resolve issues of complex or contested usage, consulting references (e.g., <i>Merriam-Webster's Dictionary of English Usage</i>, <i>Garner's Modern American Usage</i>) as needed.</li> </ul>
9-10 (L.9-10.1)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Use parallel structure.*</li> <li>○ Use various types of phrases (noun, verb, adjectival, adverbial, participial, prepositional, absolute) and clauses (independent, dependent; noun, relative, adverbial) to convey specific meanings and add variety and interest to writing or presentations.</li> </ul>
8 (L.8.1)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and their function in particular sentences.</li> <li>○ Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.</li> <li>○ Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood.</li> <li>○ Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.*</li> </ul>
7 (L.7.1)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Explain the function of phrases and clauses in general and their function in specific sentences.</li> <li>○ Choose among simple, compound, complex, and compound-complex sentences to signal differing relationships among ideas.</li> <li>○ Place phrases and clauses within a sentence, recognizing and correcting misplaced and dangling modifiers.*</li> </ul>
6 (L.6.1)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Ensure that pronouns are in the proper case (subjective, objective, possessive).</li> <li>○ Use intensive pronouns (e.g., <i>myself</i>, <i>ourselves</i>).</li> <li>○ Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person.*</li> <li>○ Recognize and correct vague pronouns (i.e., ones with unclear or ambiguous antecedents).*</li> <li>○ Recognize variations from standard English in their own and others' writing and speaking, and identify and use strategies to improve expression in conventional language.*</li> </ul>
5 (L.5.1)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Explain the function of conjunctions, prepositions, and interjections in general and their function in particular sentences.</li> <li>○ Form and use the perfect (e.g., <i>I had walked</i>; <i>I have walked</i>; <i>I will have walked</i>) verb tenses.</li> <li>○ Use verb tense to convey various times, sequences, states, and conditions.</li> <li>○ Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb tense.*</li> <li>○ Use correlative conjunctions (e.g., <i>either/or</i>, <i>neither/nor</i>).</li> </ul>

4 ( L.4.1)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Use relative pronouns (<i>who, whose, whom, which, that</i>) and relative adverbs (<i>where, when, why</i>).</li> <li>○ Form and use the progressive (e.g., <i>I was walking; I am walking; I will be walking</i>) verb tenses.</li> <li>○ Use modal auxiliaries (e.g., <i>can, may, must</i>) to convey various conditions.</li> <li>○ Order adjectives within sentences according to conventional patterns (e.g., <i>a small red bag</i> rather than <i>a red small bag</i>).</li> <li>○ Form and use prepositional phrases.</li> <li>○ Produce complete sentences, recognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and run-ons.*</li> <li>○ Correctly use frequently confused words (e.g., <i>to, too, two; there, their</i>).*</li> </ul>
3 ( L .3.1)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Explain the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences.</li> <li>○ Form and use regular and irregular plural nouns.</li> <li>○ Use abstract nouns (e.g., <i>childhood</i>).</li> <li>○ Form and use regular and irregular verbs.</li> <li>○ Form and use the simple (e.g., <i>I walked; I walk; I will walk</i>) verb tenses.</li> <li>○ Ensure subject-verb and pronoun-antecedent agreement.*</li> <li>○ Form and use comparative and superlative adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified.</li> <li>○ Use coordinating and subordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>○ Produce simple, compound, and complex sentences.</li> </ul>
2 ( L .2.1)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Use collective nouns (e.g., <i>group</i>).</li> <li>○ Form and use frequently occurring irregular plural nouns (e.g., <i>feet, children, teeth, mice, fish</i>).</li> <li>○ Use reflexive pronouns (e.g., <i>myself, ourselves</i>).</li> <li>○ Form and use the past tense of frequently occurring irregular verbs (e.g., <i>sat, hid, told</i>).</li> <li>○ Use adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified.</li> <li>○ Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences (e.g., <i>The boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie; The action movie was watched by the little boy</i>).</li> </ul>
1 ( L .1.1.)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Print all upper- and lowercase letters.</li> <li>○ Use common, proper, and possessive nouns.</li> <li>○ Use singular and plural nouns with matching verbs in basic sentences (e.g., <i>He hops; We hop</i>).</li> <li>○ Use personal, possessive, and indefinite pronouns (e.g., <i>I, me, my; they, them, their, anyone, everything</i>).</li> <li>○ Use verbs to convey a sense of past, present, and future (e.g., <i>Yesterday I walked home; Today I walk home; Tomorrow I will walk home</i>).</li> <li>○ Use frequently occurring adjectives.</li> <li>○ Use frequently occurring conjunctions (e.g., <i>and, but, or, so, because</i>).</li> <li>○ Use determiners (e.g., articles, demonstratives).</li> <li>○ Use frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., <i>during, beyond, toward</i>).</li> <li>○ Produce and expand complete simple and compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences in response to prompts.</li> </ul>
K ( L .K.1.)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Print many upper- and lowercase letters.</li> <li>○ Use frequently occurring nouns and verbs.</li> <li>○ Form regular plural nouns orally by adding /s/ or /es/ (e.g., <i>dog, dogs; wish, wishes</i>).</li> <li>○ Understand and use question words (interrogatives) (e.g., <i>who, what, where, when, why, how</i>).</li> <li>○ Use the most frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., <i>to, from, in, out, on, off, for, of, by, with</i>).</li> <li>○ Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities.</li> </ul>

# Strand: Language

## Topic: Conventions of Standard English

**Anchor 2:** Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (L.11-12.2)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Observe hyphenation conventions.</li> <li>• Spell correctly.</li> </ul>
9-10 (L.9-10.2)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use a semicolon (and perhaps a conjunctive adverb) to link two or more closely related independent clauses.</li> <li>• Use a colon to introduce a list or quotation.</li> <li>• Spell correctly.</li> </ul>
8 (L.8.2)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.</li> <li>• Use an ellipsis to indicate an omission.</li> <li>• Spell correctly.</li> </ul>
7 (L.7.2)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use a comma to separate coordinate adjectives (e.g., <i>It was a fascinating, enjoyable movie</i> but not <i>He wore an old[,] green shirt</i>).</li> <li>• Spell correctly.</li> </ul>
6 (L.6.2)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off nonrestrictive/parenthetical elements.*</li> <li>• Spell correctly.</li> </ul>
5 (L.5.2)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use punctuation to separate items in a series.*</li> <li>• Use a comma to separate an introductory element from the rest of the sentence.</li> <li>• Use a comma to set off the words <i>yes</i> and <i>no</i> (e.g., <i>Yes, thank you</i>), to set off a tag question from the rest of the sentence (e.g., <i>It's true, isn't it?</i>), and to indicate direct address (e.g., <i>Is that you, Steve?</i>).</li> <li>• Use underlining, quotation marks, or italics to indicate titles of works.</li> <li>• Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.</li> </ul>

4 (L.4.2)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use correct capitalization.</li> <li>• Use commas and quotation marks to mark direct speech and quotations from a text.</li> <li>• Use a comma before a coordinating conjunction in a compound sentence.</li> <li>• Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.</li> </ul>
3 (L.3.2)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Capitalize appropriate words in titles.</li> <li>• Use commas in addresses.</li> <li>• Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue.</li> <li>• Form and use possessives.</li> <li>• Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., <i>sitting, smiled, cries, happiness</i>).</li> <li>• Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., <i>word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts</i>) in writing words.</li> <li>• Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings.</li> </ul>
2 (L.2.2)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Capitalize holidays, product names, and geographic names.</li> <li>• Use commas in greetings and closings of letters.</li> <li>• Use an apostrophe to form contractions and frequently occurring possessives.</li> <li>• Generalize learned spelling patterns when writing words (e.g., <i>cage</i> → <i>badge</i>; <i>boy</i> → <i>boil</i>).</li> <li>• Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings.</li> </ul>
1 (L.1.2)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Capitalize dates and names of people.</li> <li>• Use end punctuation for sentences.</li> <li>• Use commas in dates and to separate single words in a series.</li> <li>• Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring irregular words.</li> <li>• Spell untaught words phonetically, drawing on phonemic awareness and spelling conventions.</li> </ul>
K (L.K.2)	<p>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun <i>I</i>.</li> <li>• Recognize and name end punctuation.</li> <li>• Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes).</li> <li>• Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships.</li> </ul>

# Strand: Language

## Topic: Knowledge of Language

**Anchor 3:** Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (L.11-12.3)	<p>Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Vary syntax for effect, consulting references (e.g., Tufte's <i>Artful Sentences</i>) for guidance as needed; apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts when reading.</li> </ul>
9-10 (L.9-10.3)	<p>Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Write and edit work so that it conforms to the guidelines in a style manual (e.g., <i>MLA Handbook</i>, Turabian's <i>Manual for Writers</i>) appropriate for the discipline and writing type.</li> </ul>
8 (L.8.3)	<p>Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or the action; expressing uncertainty or describing a state contrary to fact).</li> </ul>
7 (L.7.3)	<p>Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.*</li> </ul>
6 (L.6.3)	<p>Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Vary sentence patterns for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.*</li> <li>Maintain consistency in style and tone.*</li> </ul>
5 (L.5.3)	<p>Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.</li> <li>Compare and contrast the varieties of English (e.g., <i>dialects</i>, <i>registers</i>) used in stories, dramas, or poems.</li> </ul>
4 (L.4.3)	<p>Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely.*</li> <li>Choose punctuation for effect.*</li> <li>Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (e.g., presenting ideas) and situations where informal discourse is appropriate (e.g., small-group discussion).</li> </ul>
3 (L.3.3)	<p>Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Choose words and phrases for effect.*</li> <li>Recognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English.</li> </ul>

2 (L.2.3)	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Compare formal and informal uses of English.</li></ul>
1 (L.1.3)	(Begins in grade 2)
K (L.K.3.)	(Begins in grade 2)

# Strand: Language

## Topic: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

**Anchor 4:** Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (L.11-12.4)	<p>Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grades 11–12 reading and content</i>, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word’s position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</li> <li>• Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., <i>conceive, conception, conceivable</i>).</li> <li>• Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.</li> <li>• Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).</li> </ul>
9-10 (L.9-10.4)	<p>Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grades 9–10 reading and content</i>, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word’s position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</li> <li>• Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., <i>analyze, analysis, analytical; advocate, advocacy</i>).</li> <li>• Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, or its etymology.</li> <li>• Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).</li> </ul>
8 (L.8.4)	<p>Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based on <i>grade 8 reading and content</i>, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word’s position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</li> <li>• Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., <i>precede, recede, secede</i>).</li> <li>• Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.</li> <li>• Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).</li> </ul>
7 (L.7.4)	<p>Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grade 7 reading and content</i>, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word’s position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</li> <li>• Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., <i>belligerent, bellicose, rebel</i>).</li> <li>• Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.</li> <li>• Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).</li> </ul>
6 (L.6.4)	<p>Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grade 6 reading and content</i>, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word’s position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</li> <li>• Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., <i>audience, auditory, audible</i>).</li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.</li> <li>Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).</li> </ul>
5 (L.5.4)	<p>Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 5 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use context (e.g., cause/effect relationships and comparisons in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</li> <li>Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., <i>photograph</i>, <i>photosynthesis</i>).</li> <li>Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.</li> </ul>
4 (L.4.4)	<p>Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use context (e.g., definitions, examples, or restatements in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</li> <li>Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., <i>telegraph</i>, <i>photograph</i>, <i>autograph</i>).</li> <li>Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.</li> </ul>
3 (L.3.4)	<p>Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</li> <li>Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known affix is added to a known word (e.g., <i>agreeable/disagreeable</i>, <i>comfortable/uncomfortable</i>, <i>care/careless</i>, <i>heat/preheat</i>).</li> <li>Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., <i>company</i>, <i>companion</i>).</li> <li>Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.</li> </ul>
2 (L.2.4)	<p>Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 2 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</li> <li>Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known prefix is added to a known word (e.g., <i>happy/unhappy</i>, <i>tell/retell</i>).</li> <li>Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., <i>addition</i>, <i>additional</i>).</li> <li>Use knowledge of the meaning of individual words to predict the meaning of compound words (e.g., <i>birdhouse</i>, <i>lighthouse</i>, <i>housefly</i>; <i>bookshelf</i>, <i>notebook</i>, <i>bookmark</i>).</li> <li>Use glossaries and beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases.</li> </ul>
1 (L.1.4.)	<p>Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grade 1 reading and content</i>, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</li> <li>Use frequently occurring affixes as a clue to the meaning of a word.</li> <li>Identify frequently occurring root words (e.g., <i>look</i>) and their inflectional forms (e.g., <i>looks</i>, <i>looked</i>, <i>looking</i>).</li> </ul>
K (L.K.4.)	<p>Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowing <i>duck</i> is a bird and learning the verb to <i>duck</i>).</li> <li>Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., <i>-ed</i>, <i>-s</i>, <i>re-</i>, <i>un-</i>, <i>pre-</i>, <i>-ful</i>, <i>-less</i>) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word.</li> </ul>

# Strand: Language

## Topic: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

### Anchor 5: Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (L.11-12.5)	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.</li> <li>• Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.</li> </ul>
9-10 (L.9-10.5)	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Interpret figures of speech (e.g., euphemism, oxymoron) in context and analyze their role in the text.</li> <li>• Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.</li> </ul>
8 (L.8.)	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Interpret figures of speech (e.g. verbal irony, puns) in context.</li> <li>• Use the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words.</li> <li>• Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>bullheaded</i>, <i>willful</i>, <i>firm</i>, <i>persistent</i>, <i>resolute</i>).</li> </ul>
7 (L.7.5)	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context.</li> <li>• Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words.</li> <li>• Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>refined</i>, <i>respectful</i>, <i>polite</i>, <i>diplomatic</i>, <i>condescending</i>).</li> </ul>
6 (L.6.5)	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Interpret figures of speech (e.g., personification) in context.</li> <li>• Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., cause/effect, part/whole, item/category) to better understand each of the words.</li> <li>• Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>stingy</i>, <i>scrimping</i>, <i>economical</i>, <i>unwasteful</i>, <i>thrifty</i>).</li> </ul>
5 (L.5.5)	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Interpret figurative language, including similes and metaphors, in context.</li> <li>• Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs.</li> <li>• Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words.</li> </ul>

4 (L.4.5)	<p>Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Explain the meaning of simple similes and metaphors (e.g., <i>as pretty as a picture</i>) in context.</li> <li>• Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs.</li> <li>• Demonstrate understanding of words by relating them to their opposites (antonyms) and to words with similar but not identical meanings (synonyms).</li> </ul>
3 (L.3.5)	<p>Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Distinguish the literal and nonliteral meanings of words and phrases in context (e.g., <i>take steps</i>).</li> <li>• Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., describe people who are <i>friendly</i> or <i>helpful</i>).</li> <li>• Distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., <i>knew, believed, suspected, heard, wondered</i>).</li> </ul>
2 (L.2.5)	<p>Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., <i>describe foods that are spicy or juicy</i>).</li> <li>• Distinguish shades of meaning among closely related verbs (e.g., <i>toss, throw, hurl</i>) and closely related adjectives (e.g., <i>thin, slender, skinny, scrawny</i>).</li> </ul>
1 (L.1.5.)	<p>With guidance and support from adults, demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sort words into categories (e.g., colors, clothing) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent.</li> <li>• Define words by category and by one or more key attributes (e.g., a <i>duck</i> is a bird that swims; a <i>tiger</i> is a large cat with stripes).</li> <li>• Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at home that are <i>cozy</i>).</li> <li>• Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs differing in manner (e.g., <i>look, peek, glance, stare, glare, scowl</i>) and adjectives differing in intensity (e.g., large, gigantic) by defining or choosing them or by acting out the meanings.</li> </ul>
K (L.K.5.)	<p>With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent.</li> <li>• Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their opposites (antonyms).</li> <li>• Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful).</li> <li>• Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., <i>walk, march, strut, prance</i>) by acting out the meanings.</li> </ul>

# Strand: Language

## Topic: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

**Anchor 6:** Acquire and use accurately a range of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when encountering an unknown term important to comprehension or expression.

Grade	Standard
11-12 (L.11-12.6)	Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
9-10 (L.9-10.6)	Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
8 (L.8.6)	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
7 (L.7.6)	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
6 (L.6.6)	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
5 (L.5.6)	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., <i>however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition</i> ).
4 (L.4.6)	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal precise actions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., <i>quizzed, whined, stammered</i> ) and that are basic to a particular topic (e.g., <i>wildlife, conservation, and endangered</i> when discussing animal preservation).
3 (L.3.6)	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate conversational, general academic, and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal spatial and temporal relationships (e.g., <i>After dinner that night we went looking for them</i> ).
2 (L.2.6)	Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using adjectives and adverbs to describe (e.g., <i>When other kids are happy that makes me happy</i> ).

1 (L.1.6.)	Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using frequently occurring conjunctions to signal simple relationships (e.g., <i>because</i> ).
K (L.K.6.)	Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts.